## EE3032 - Dr. Durant - Quiz 8 Fall 2019, Week 8

Convolution integral:  $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau)h(t-\tau)d\tau$ Transfer function:  $H(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t)e^{-j\omega t}dt$ 

Fourier series (periodic fcn.):  $x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{jn\omega_0 t} = a_0 + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \alpha_n \cos(n\omega_0 t) - \beta_n \sin(n\omega_0 t)$ 

In the above,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the real and imaginary parts of X (not a and b from the trigonometric form).

A real, periodic signal's Fourier Series terms include  $X_0 = 5$ ,  $X_1 = 3+j4$  and  $X_2 = j7$ .  $X_n = 0$  for n > 2.

- (2 points) List all the other non-0 terms of X and their values.
- (2 points) Calculate the power using Parseval's theorem, which states that the power is the sum of the squared magnitudes of all the Fourier Series coefficients. Show your work.
- 3. (2 points) Does the signal have even symmetry, odd symmetry, or neither? Explain your answer.
- 4. (2 points) Calculate the exponential term in the Fourier series associated with X<sub>1</sub>. (Leave it in exponential form; in general, this will have a complex value.)
- (1 point) Calculate  $a_1$  and  $b_1$  by converting  $X_1$  accordingly. Recall that the trigonometric coefficients include the amplitude contributions from the positive and negative frequencies and are the coefficients of the appropriate cosine and sine terms.
- (1 point) State the trigonometric terms in the signal due to a<sub>1</sub> and b<sub>1</sub> with correct amplitude, phase, and frequency.

① 
$$X_{-1} = X_{i}^{*} = 3 - j4$$
  $X_{-2} = X_{3}^{*} = -j7$ 

$$(2) P = \sum |X_n|^2 = |X_{-n}|^2 + |X_{-n}|^2 + |X_0|^2 + |X_1|^2 + |X_2|^2$$

$$= 7^2 + (\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2})^2 + 5^2 + 5^2 + 7^2 = 49 + 25 + 25 + 25 + 49 = 173$$

(4) 
$$X_1e^{j/\omega_0 t} = (3+j4)e^{j\omega_0 t} = (5+a\tan(\frac{4}{3})e^{j\omega_0 t} = 5e^{j(\omega_0 t + aton(\frac{4}{3})e^{j\omega_0 t})}$$
(5)  $a_1 = 2Re(X_1) = 6$   $b_1 = -2Im(X_1) = -8$ 

(5) 
$$a_1 = 2 \operatorname{Re}(x_1) = 6$$
  $b_1 = -2 \operatorname{Im}(x_1) = -8$