

CE-1921-11 - Dr. Durant - Quiz 3
Spring 2016, Week 3

1. (7 points) Translate the following C/Java-like function into ARMv4 assembly. Use the standard ARM registers for arguments and return value

```
int logic(int x, int y) {
    if(x>y)
        return 2*x;
    else if (x<y)
        return 3*y;
    else
        return x & y; // bitwise AND
}
```

Answer:

```
logic:    cmp r0,r1 ; x,y
          addgt r0,r0,r0 ; gt = signed >, 2*x = x+x, + often faster
          movlt r2,#3 ; mul doesn't take immediate operand
          mullt r0,r1,r2
          andeq r0,r0,r1
          mov pc,lr
```

logic2: ; without conditional execution (except on branches)

```
          cmp r0,r1
          ble L0 ; le = !gt = not >
          add r0,r0,r0 ; if we got here, gt must be true
          b done2
L0:      beq L1
          mov r2,#3
          mul r0,r1,r2 ; if we got here, le & !eq --> lt or <
          b done2
L1:      and r0,r0,r1
done2:   mov pc,lr
```

2. (3 points) Write a main routine that calls your function with the arguments 17 and 33, moves the result to r7, and then hangs/spins on one instruction forever.

Answer:

```
main:    mov r0,#17
          mov r1,#33
          bl remainder
          mov r7,r0
```

```
end2:    b end2
```

CE-1921-12 - Dr. Durant - Quiz 3
Spring 2016, Week 3

1. (7 points) Translate the following C/Java-like function into ARMv4 assembly. Use the standard ARM registers for arguments and return value

```
int remainder(unsigned int x, unsigned int y) {
    while(x>y) {
        x -= y;
    }
    return x;
}
```

Answer:

```
remainder: ; with conditional execution
            cmp r0,r1; x,y
            subhi r0,r0,r1 ; hi = unsigned > (not gt, which is signed)
            bhi remainder
            mov pc,lr

remainder2: ; without conditional execution
            cmp r0,r1
            bls done
            sub r0,r0,r1
            b remainder2
done:      mov pc,lr
```

2. (3 points) Write a main routine that calls your function with the arguments 17 and 33, moves the result to r7, and then hangs/spins on one instruction forever.

Answer:

```
main: mov r0,#17
      mov r1,#33
      bl remainder
      mov r7,r0

end2: b end2
```